[SEPTEMBER, MDCCLXXIII.] THE [NUMB. 406.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1773.

JACOB VALK,

HEREBY acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that at his OFFICE, Merchants, and Tradeſmen, may have their Books regulated by the Month, Quarter, or Year, and as oft as needful balanced and cloſed.

LIKEWISE, Sets of Books opened properly for Perſons newly commencing any Kind of Buſineſs, and ſuperintended with the utmoſt Care. *ALSO*, Accounts relating to Partnerſhips, Planters, Executors, Adminiſtrators, Aſſignees, &c. compleatly ſcrutinized and accurately adjuſted.

AND, Perſons deſirous of ſettling their yearly Buſineſs expeditiouſly, by ſending their Books to him, may have it done, the different Accounts drawn out, and the Monies collected, or otherwiſe ſettled in the moſt ſuitable Manner.

LANDS, HOUSES, and NEGROES, bought and ſold at private Sale, upon the uſual Commiſſions. The Plats of the Land (of which there is always a Variety at his Office) may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to the Subſcriber.—Where any Perſon deſirous to purchaſe Plantations or Lands in any Part of this Province, and in GEORGIA, may at all Times, have an Opportunity of being accommodated.

MONEY borrowed and lent at INTEREST, without any EXPENCE TO THE LENDER, who will be entitled to Intereſt for his Money, from the Day he gives Notice to him of having it to LET. *AND*, ſuch as deſire it, may have their Intereſt applied for as it becomes due, without any Expence.

THE ſubſcriber being duly authoriſed by Mr. Hugh Brown, (who is going to reſide in the country) to manage his affairs in town, WILL SELL, by public SALE, at the vendue houſe in Charles Town, on Tueſday the 28th of September next, at twelve o'clock,

Thoſe Four New TENEMENTS,

Lately built in Allen-ſtreet, joining lots now the property of Mr. George Blakie, and the eſtate of Caleb Eaſton, each tenement renting at 100l. per annum; three of which are now tenanted for one year certain, and the other ready to be let, the ſame being made very commodious, two ſtory high, each tenement 12 feet in front of Allen-ſtreet, and in depth 38 feet 8 inches, more or leſs, having kitchens, and other conveniencies. The ſame will be ſold all together or ſeparate, as will be moſt agreeable, one third caſh will be required, upon the delivery of the titles, and for the remainder a twelve months credit, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity. JACOB VALK.

In the mean while, any perſon inclinable to purchaſe at private ſale, may apply as above.

TO BE SOLD at public Vendue, on Thurſday the 30th of September next, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, at Twelve o'Clock.

TWO valuable TRACTS of LAND,

adjoining to each other, containing in the Whole 1900 Acres, about 700 Acres of it, is eſteemed very good Rice Land, lying in St. Helena's Pariſh, about Ten Miles to Cooſawhatchie Bridge, it being an entire inland Tract, no ways hazardous to any Freſhes, yet has ſeveral Branches that would anſwer to make very good Reſervoirs of Back-Water. Theſe two Tracts would anſwer a great Planter very well for two good Plantations. Credit will be given to the 1ſt of January next, paying Intereſt, and giving Security if required. Further Particulars of the Plats, and proper Recommendations of the Lands, are to be ſeen in the Hands of the Subſcriber. Any Perſon willing to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, may apply to

6 w JACOB VALK.

For SALE by private Contract,

A Valuable PLANTATION in St. Bartholomew's Pariſh, containing Five Hundred Acres; the greateſt Part of which is exceeding good Rice Land; it is pleaſantly ſituated in a good Neighbourhood, and not above Five Miles from a Landing: On the Premiſes are a good Dwelling-Houſe, new Barn, Store-Houſe, with all other Conveniencies neceſſary for a well ſettled Plantation.

Part of the Purchaſe Money will be expected at the Delivery of the Titles, and for the Remainder, two, three or four Years Credit will be given, paying Intereſt, and giving Security if required. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

For SALE by private Contract,

FOUR valuable and ſeaſoned Negroes, viz. One young FELLOW, a complete Waiting-man, uſed to the Care and Management of Horſes, and can drive a Carriage.—Two young FELLOWS fit for the Field.——One complete Houſe WENCH, who is alſo a good ordinary Cook. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

AN exceeding fine valuable TRACT of 200 Acres of Swamp, upon Santee River, fronting on the ſaid River; it joins Lands laid out to James Lynah, about a Mile above Thomas Platt's Plantation, is a little below Mr. Joiner's, on the other Side of the River, and about 100 Miles from Charles-Town. The Plats may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale, which will be made agreeable to the Purchaſer, by applying to

6 w. JACOB VALK.

Radcliffe & Shepheard,

At their Store in Charles-Town, oppoſite to his Honour the Lieutenant Governor's, and Charles Shepheard & Co. at Jackſonburgh, have juſt received

A large Supply of GOODS,

From Briſtol and London, per the Captains Steel, Lundberry, and Fortune; among which are,

WHITE and coloured negro cloth, bed and duffil blankets, ſtriped and white flannels, Bath coating, broad cloths, caſſimer, Iriſh linen, printed do. and cottons, neat chintz patterns, low priced white calico, checked and printed handkerchiefs, coloured and figured ſilk, India cotton and gauze, ditto men and womens ſilk, thread and leather gloves, men and womens, boys and girls ſhoes and ſtockings of all kinds, mens ſilk and worſted breeches patterns, mens hats, boys black and white tennet do. womens ſilk hats, cardinals and cloaks, black alamode, peelong, ſatins, figured modes and ſatins, ſtraw coloured, or buff yard wide India do. Engliſh and India perſian; a very neat aſſortment of faſhionable ſaſh and other ribbons, velvet for collars, ſhenecil, thread and Hanover lace, jackonet and book muſlin, ſprigged and corded do. very neat flowered and figured ſilk and dreſt gauze, plain and corded do. lawns and cambricks, piſtol lawns, damaſk napkins, figured dimity and jeanet, ounce cravaburgh and coloured thread, flouriſhing cotton do. brown, white and ſpinnel ſhoe thread, fiſhing and chalk lines; a very large and neat aſſortment of glaſs and Queen's ware, earthen do. exceeding good loaf ſugar, vinegar in ſmall jugs, linſeed oil in do. paints, window glaſs, grind and quern ſtones, Carolina hoes, grubbing do. falling and broad axes, hatchets, hand and whip ſaws, ditto files, ox and horſe cart, and chaiſe boxes, iron pots and ſkillets, nails of all kinds, rice and roying ſieves, pewter plates, diſhes, waſh-hand baſons with feet, cullenders, funnels, ſpoons and meaſures, copper tea-kettles with rivited ſpouts, box, cheſt, trunk and deſk locks, chamber-door braſs do. deſk furniture, latches and ketches, iron and tin dripping pans, haſps and ſtaples, HL hocks and hinges, doweling ſtocks and bitts, white rope, long and ſhort pipes, cotton and wool cards, mens very neat underquilted ſaddles with furniture, and Turky cotton cloths compleat, boys and mens common do. exceeding good hyſon, green, and bohea tea, pepper, alſpice, ſalt petre; a large Turky carpet, chair harneſs, &c. &c. all which, with rum, wine, muſcovado ſugar, ſalt, and a few dozen of very good claret, they will ſell at both ſtores, at as low an advance as any in the province, and with pleaſure execute any orders they may be favoured with.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor hath received certain Information that the SMALL-POX is now at the Peſt-houſe on Sullivant's-Iſland, PUBLIC NOTICE THEREOF is hereby given, that ALL Perſons may refrain from going to Sullivant's-Iſland aforeſaid, without proper Permiſſion: AND FURTHER, That the Laws will be ſtrictly put in Execution againſt all Offenders.

By Order of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,
JAMES SIMPSON, C. C. C.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common-Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Tueſday Auguſt 10th, 1773.

Benjamin Wigfall,	*William Wilſon,*
Peter Stevenſon,	*Benjamin Cummings,*
George Thompſon,	*Samuel Richbourgh,*

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court,

Made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance:

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, Proclamation Money of America, each, unleſs they ſhall make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before the 21ſt Day of September next. JAMES TRAIL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Auguſt 12th, 1773.

WILLIAM GLEN, & SON,

HAVE juſt imported in the CHARMING SALLY, *Captain* FORTUNE, *from* BRISTOL,

A LARGE quantity of white, blue and green PLAINS, white and ſcarlet flannels and ſwanſkins, embolſſed and German ſerges and beaſkins, check and Iriſh linens, nails of all ſizes, iron pots, frying pans, locks and hinges of all ſorts, mill, whip, croſs-cut and hand-ſaws, and files of all ſorts, ſmiths anvils and vices, chiſels of all ſizes, a very complete aſſortment of ſaddlery, broad and narrow ſcythes, ſad irons, falling axes, coopers tools, boxes of ſhort pipes, window glaſs 8 by 10, yellow ochre, white lead, Spaniſh brown, dry and ground, red lead, lindſeed oil, vz. degreaſe, Spaniſh whiting, boxes of tin plates, ſhot and bar lead, mill and grindſtones, loaf ſugar, &c. &c. which with their late importation per the Polly, Capt. Rainier, makes their aſſortment complete.

N. B. A conſiderable diſcount will be allowed to thoſe who buy a quantity, and pay their ready money.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

AN OVERSEER who thoroughly underſtands the Setting and Management of River Swamp; will meet with great Encouragement if properly recommended. Apply to the Printer.

BRIAN CAPE,

Has imported in the Live-Oak, Captain Lundberry, from BRISTOL,

His white and coloured NEGRO CLOTH, and DUFFIL BLANKETS,

Which, having taken great pains to purchaſe on the beſt footing, he hopes his friends will be pleaſed both with the price and quality.

In the above Ship he has alſo imported,

A large ſupply of HARD-WARE,

CONSISTING OF

Nails of all ſorts, and moſt other materials for building, pad, ſtock, and cheſt locks of all prices, lathing hammers, tap borers, gimblets, two feet rules, folding ditto with tables, neat ivory ditto, tea cheſt locks, plate bolts, cloak pins, box irons, thumb latches, bridle bitts, ſtirrup irons, ſaddle boſſes, braſs dog collars, plaiſterers and bricklayers trowels, chopping knives, pepper mills, bell cranks, trunk locks, awl blades, ſhoe tacks, ſhoe nippers and pincers, bell bolts, awlhafts, pocket ſteelyards, mice and rat traps, ſcrew pullies, travelling harps, balcony bolts, braſs and ſteel ſhoe buckles, ſpring ſpurs, curling tongs, knitting pins, key ſwivels, plain and leathered caſtors, cow bells, pinching irons, bone, ſtag, and Chineſe ivory handled knives and forks, ſome of which with ſilver caps, neat pen knives warranted, butcher and oyſter knives, lancets, horſe locks, ſhoe raſps, horſe ſhears, braſs chair nails, Kirby and common fiſh hooks, fiſhing lines, needles, hooks and eyes, oil ſtones, phyſic ſcales and weights, braſs ſcales and weights for ſtores, of all ſizes, rat guns, kitchen dogs, with racks, pot hooks, rice ſickles, indico hocks, ſmoothing, long, jointer, rabit, bead, and one-fourth round planes, rag, ſcythe, and rub ſtones, drinking horns, ſtanding trippets, ivory and box combs, tobacco boxes, tea table bells, key rings, neat japanned coffee pots and tea kitchens, neſt flat japanned candleſticks, with ſnuffers and extinguiſhers to match, whip, croſs cut, and hand ſaws, ſpits, frying pans, garden and graſs ſcythes, iron tea kettles, neat ſilver mounted cutteaus, with ſwivels, and red Morocco bitts, from 10l. to 30l. common ditto, from 30ſ. to 10l. double and ſingle cannon touch boxes, houſe bells, ſpringed braſs bell wire, ſheet lead, ſhot of all ſizes, pewter plates and diſhes, cloſe ſtool pans, pewter cullenders, fluted and plain candle moulds, glue, cyder in hampers, a few hampers of very good red port wine, warranted genuine, vinegar in jugs, Pruſſian blue, and vermiliion, white lead, Spaniſh brown, and red lead, ground in oil, allum, linſeed oil, in jugs, and fine chamber lamp oil, in jugs.

GLASS WARE,

Conſiſting of quart decanters, neatly cut and flowered, from 10l. 10ſ. to 30ſ. a pair, bird fountains, neat cut jelly and ſyllabub glaſſes, India ſhades, neat cut and plain glaſs candleſticks, ſets of glaſs ſalvers or pyramids, tumblers, cut and plain ſalts, paſſage lamps, mounted with braſs, large decanters for punch.

SADDLERY.

Men and boys neat ſaddles compleat, ſaddle cloths, and checked ſwanſkin for ditto, mailpillions, portmanteaus with ſtraps, ſurcingles and girths, Sneffle and Weymouth bridles, leather jockey caps, neat twig half and whole hunting whips, with ſilver caps, ladies ditto, ſtrong flocked ſilver capped whips, loaded, with long laſhes, boot garters.

SHOES.

Men, women, boys and girls leather ſhoes, of all ſorts, ſhoes fit for plantation negroes, ladies neat calimance and ruſſel pumps from 30ſ. to 47ſ. 6d. the pair, &c. &c. which added to his late importation, makes his preſent aſſortment the largeſt he ever yet had, and he begs leave to aſſure his friends and the public, that he will ſell his goods at the very loweſt advance, and will take all imaginable care and pains to ſupply thoſe who chuſe to deal with him, on as good terms as can be afforded by any ſtore in town.

N. B. He has ſome fine flint CORN, to diſpoſe of.

*** Great allowance will be made to thoſe who buy to ſell again.

JAMES McCALL,

Has imported by the LIVE-OAK, *and* CHARMING SALLY, *from* BRISTOL,

A Variety of ARTICLES,

AMONG OTHERS ARE,

BLUE, green and red Plains, Duffils; ready-made Cloaths, Flannels, &c choice Cyder, Ale, and Perry; beſt double Glouceſter and Cheſhire Cheeſe, &c. with many Goods ſuitable for this and the approaching Seaſon, which being added to thoſe juſt opened, by the POLLY, RAINIER, from LONDON, makes one of the compleateſt Aſſortments in the Province.

A neat light four Wheel CHAISE, on Commiſſion.

WILLIAM SCOTT, jun.

Has juſt received by the Charming-Sally, Captain Fortune, from BRISTOL,

HIS white, blue, and green PLAINS, of a good Quality, an Aſſortment of Check Linens, and Cotton Hollands, Oſnabrugs, Thread in Three Pound Bundles, Men and Boys Hats, 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d Nails, Ox Chains, Cart Boxes, Iron Rimmed Stock Locks, Pad Ditto, Gimblets, Stone Jugs, ſhot of all Sizes, Wool and Cotton Cards, Rice Sieves, neat Chair Harneſſes, &c. &c.

BOSTON, August 9.

On Wednesday the 28th of last month came on before a Special Court of Admiralty in this town, the trial of Ansell Nickerson, for piracy and robbery on the high seas: The examination of witnesses for the crown and prisoner held till Friday night, when the court adjourned till Tuesday following, at ten o'clock, when Samuel Fitch, Esq; Advocate General, after re-examining several of the witnesses for the King, applied the evidences on the crown side; the afternoon and the next day were taken up by John Adams, and Josiah Quincy, jun. Esquires, council for the prisoner, in his defence; and on Thursday afternoon the Advocate-General closed the cause. The court then told the prisoner, if he had any thing further to say in his behalf, he would have an opportunity the next day; and then adjourned to ten next morning---The court then meeting, proceeded to ask the prisoner if he had any thing further to offer the court, in addition to what his Council had already said: Upon which the prisoner expressed his wishes that certain witnesses (who he apprehended would testify in his favour) had been present; and concluded with saying, that "if I lose my life, I am innocent of the crime "laid to my charge."

The Court then gave orders that all persons depart, except the Register; and having considered of the evidence, &c. about two hours and an half, the prisoner was again called in, when the President, after a solemn pause, told the prisoner, "*The Court have considered of your offence, and they do not think that the evidence offered to them is sufficient to support the charge alledged against you in the information---and therefore adjudge you NOT GUILTY.*"

Motion was then made by the prisoner's council that he might be discharged; and the Advocate-General not objecting, it was granted: The prisoner being informed of it, respectfully bowed to the court, and said,---"I thank the honourable court---and GOD---for my deliverance!"

The court was then adjourned without day.

Thus ended a trial, for the most surprising event, which has happened in this, and perhaps any other age of the world.

It is rumoured, that in a late trial of great expectation, four of the Judges were for acquittal, and four for condemnation; and the court being equally divided, an acquittal of the prisoner followed of course.

August 19.

Extract of a Letter from Newbury port, August 14.

"Between seven and eight o'clock in the morning, a violent tornado or hurricane arose, took its course from the East, first struck Salisbury point, and following the course of Merrimack river, spread devastation before it, for about the space of a mile in width, by levelling with the ground several well built houses, almost new, unroofing others, tearing down shops, and shattering, more or less, almost every house and building from Salisbury point to about a quarter of a mile above Almsbury-ferry. ---Captain Smith, of Beverly, was sitting in a sail-maker's loft at Almsbury, when the hurricane came, and in a moment he and the whole building were carried away together, the edifice rent to pieces and dispersed, and the unhappy man found lying senseless by the side of a piece of timber, at the edge of Pawaw river, ninety-four feet distant from the sill of the loft he was carried from; and a large white oak post, fourteen feet in length, and 12 by 10 inches, was transported one hundred and thirty-eight feet. Two new vessels, of ninety tons burthen, were carried sideways near twenty feet from the stocks, through the air; and a very large bundle of shingles taken from the ground and thrown near three hundred and thirty feet in an opposite direction to that of the post abovementioned, and at right angles to the course the vessels were carried. Large trees were torn up by the roots and carried into Pawaw river; very large oak planks hurled with almost the velocity of cannon balls through the roofs of houses: Fences split into very small pieces, and dispersed over the ground: The trees of whole orchards eradicated: Many people buried in their cellars but were dug out without receiving any hurt, (except what was very slight.)---All this terrific scene was produced in the short space of about five minutes: But notwithstanding chimnies falling, houses racked to pieces, large oak planks from the stages of vessels, and many other instruments of death, whirling with the most surprising rapidity thro' the air, and surrounding the affrighted inhabitants, no lives were lost, or any bones fractured, except Captain Smith's, whose leg was broke, and his head and other parts terribly contused; and an aged woman, who, as she escaped from the ruins of her own house, had both of her legs broke by a large oak plank from one of the vessels.---In fine, the havock that amazing element has made at Salisbury point, and Almsbury, is almost past conception or description.

P. S. Since writing the above, it is credibly reported that the number of buildings damaged, exceeds fifty.

MARYLAND, July 22.

In the Lower House of Assembly, *July 2, 1773.*

Ordered, That the following be entered as the resolves of this house, viz.

Resolved unanimously, That the representatives of the freemen of this province have the sole right, with the assent of the other part of the legislature, to impose and establish *taxes* or *fees*; and that the imposing, establishing or collecting any *taxes* or *fees* on or from the inhabitants of this province, under colour or pretence of any *proclamation* issued by, or in the name of the Lord Proprietary, or other authority, is *arbitrary, unconstitutional* and *oppressive*.

Resolved unanimously, That in all cases, where no fees are established by law for services done by officers, the power of ascertaining the quantum of reward, for such services, is constitutionally in a jury upon the action of the party.

Resolved unanimously, That the *proclamation* issued in the name of his Excellency Robert Eden, the Governor, with the advice of his Lordship's council of state, on the 26th day of November, 1770, was *illegal, arbitrary, unconstitutional* and *oppressive*.

Resolved unanimously, That the paper writing, under the great seal of this province, issued in the name of the late Lord Proprietary, on the 14th day of November, 1770, for the ascertaining the fees and perquisites to be received by the registers of the land-office, was *illegal, arbitrary, unconstitutional* and *oppressive*.

Resolved unanimously, That the Advisers of the said proclamation were enemies to the peace, welfare and happiness of this province, and the laws and constitution thereof.

Ordered, That the said resolves be printed in the next week's *Maryland Gazette*, and be continued therein, *six weeks successively*.

Signed by order, JOHN DUCKETT, Cl. Lo. Ho.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

WHEN I sent you my Observations on Doctor Tucker's Address, I intimated to you, that unless he would write with *Decency*, and reason with *Temper*, he should hear no more from me: And although, in his last Publication, I cannot give him the Merit of either; yet, as in the Portraits he has therein exhibited of himself and me, the Light and Shade are disposed in the most cunning and partial Manner, I feel an irresistible Impulse to devote an Hour or Two, to expose his false Colourings, notwithstanding it is apparent to the Public, that a Moment is much too great a Sacrifice for such an Avocation.

The Doctor confesses his Uncertainty whether or not he was meant to be included in my Censure, but as he knew some People imputed to him the supposed Misconduct of the Matter on which I wrote, and that many others by reading my Letter, would be led into the same Error, he had therefore a Right to demand of me an Explanation, &c.---I have always understood the Rights of Men as Rational Animals, should be founded on certain Axioms and established Principles, and not on chimerical Speculations and whimsical Surmises: But the Doctor calls to his Aid his *Knowledge*;---of what? Why, that *some People* had imputed to him, the supposed Misconduct of the Matter on which I wrote:---Granting it so to be so;---could this convey to him a Right of demanding an Explanation *from me*?---clearly not:---How then doth he support his Right? Why because he knows *many others* by reading my Letter, which doth not mention his Name, nor directly or indirectly lay any Thing to his Charge, would be led into the same Error: so that it appears he grounds his *Right* of demanding an Explanation *from me*, on his *Knowledge* of the Minds of *others*, to which he not only pretends some natural or acquired Faculty, but, by the Powers of his Ratiocination, it seems he is more intimately acquainted with my Motives of Action, than what I am myself.---From this Analysis of the Doctor's introductory Argument and Inference, it will be obvious how *wantonly* he has brought himself into this Dispute; in the Prosecution whereof, either by his physical or magical Skill, he has metamorphosed an insignificant Ditch, just sufficient to turn a gazing Philosopher topsyturvy, into a Gulf or Abyss, and by conveying my animal Spirits into my Heels, has mercifully transported me to the opposite Side, and separated me from his Vengeance.---The Doctor's Pun on my Name, is an Argument that his Ideas want Expansion: Benevolence doth not pretend to such a stoical Apathy, as to be insensible of unmerited Injuries: Besides, whenever the Claim of an Individual comes in Competition with the Good of the Community, there can be little Doubt to whom the Preference is due.---My medical Observation was on a *particular Case*, wherein the Rise, Progress, Symptoms and exterior Appearances, were so indicative of the Small-Pox, as to excite in the Doctor's Mind, '*an Association of Ideas*,' that it was *that Disorder*: But the Doctor by an artful Transition from that Case, to the Small-Pox, and other Disorders, *in general*, would infer a Deception of the most skilful Physicians *in any*. I have not studied Physic it is true, but common Sense suggests to me, that if in Medicine, as in the World of Epicurus, there is so much Room for the Interposition of Chance and Uncertainty, after a Distemper has passed through its various Stages, to an approaching Crisis, as in the Case alluded to, I may venture to pronounce that Galen, Hippocrates, and succeeding Writers, have devoted their Time and Labours to so little Purpose, that *cordiacs* and *Aromatics* may, without Imputation on the Practice, be administered in a *Plethora*, and the whole Round of Evacuations adopted in consumptive Cases; or in other Words, *for Want of characteristick Marks* in Diseases, an *Emetic* may, in any Case, be prescribed, instead of a *Cathartic*, or an Injection in Ano. But I am determined the Doctor shall not avail himself of so unpardonable a Subterfuge, for I do affirm it to be true, that one of the Gentlemen he mentions, did, in that Case, give it as his *positive and final Opinion*, that it was the Small-Pox; and this he has declared to *me*, and *many others*, not only *before*, but *since* my former Publication, and it is owing to his Reluctance alone, that his Name is not communicated to the Public: With what Propriety then can the Doctor assert, that if I had given myself the Trouble to enquire of the Gentlemen whom he consulted, what were their Sentiments at that Time, and in what Terms they were delivered to him, I might easily have been satisfied that he *neither mistook nor misrepresented them*?---I have been at a Loss to guess at the true Reason, why the Doctor should dispute *a Fact so well known*; but, it seems, such is his Solicitude for the Health of the Inhabitants of this Town, that, '*in a Case of strong Suspicion*,' by using the same '*Precautions as if there had been a real Certainty*, he would evince his Title to the public Favour: On which I shall only remark, that in *Rome* the Temple of Fame was built behind the Temple of Virtue, thereby intimating that he who would attain the Former, must make the Latter the Rule of his Conduct.---I would by no Means be understood, in my last Publication, to make the Doctor answerable for the *supposed*, but the *real* Misconduct, in the Affair alluded to; for although he had not the Direction of it, yet as, instead of his correcting any Errors in the Plan, by his Advice, he has patronised and become an Advocate for a Measure, which the whole Community condemn, he is equally reprehensible, as if he had been the Contriver of it: And how the Doctor can make my *first* Letter impute any Thing to his Charge, which I did not acquire the Knowledge of, until I saw his *subsequent* Vindication, is left to his Ingenuity to explain: But when he would justify his Confidence of the Security of any Person, against receiving the Infection in the Streets, *by the Event*, I must confess I am shocked at his Presumption, in attributing to human Expedients, the Public Safety, which we owe to the Interposition of a protecting Providence, and which we should humbly hope for, after we have used our utmost rational Endeavours to avert an impending Evil: And the Mariner who neglects the Helm in a Storm, until the Ship is nearly perishing on the Rocks, might on the Wind suddenly driving her off the Shore, as well impute his Preservation to his Prudence, instead of to the Goodness of a merciful God.---The Doctor is pleased to say, the last Paragraph of my Letter, is, in some Parts, inconsistent and unintelligible; but as he doth not profess to point out the Errors of Language, he will only reply to my Meaning, as far as he understands it: On which Head I shall only observe that if he should ever undertake the Office, he now with so much Diffidence relinquishes, I would commend it to him to begin with his own Productions, which will find him so much Employment, that I fancy he will be heartily tired, without exercising his Skill over mine.---His returning me the Compliment of Scurrility, which I never merited, I consider as an ingenious Act of his Bounty, but as I have not the least Use for it, I hope by declining his Example I shall not incur the Imputation of Ingratitude.---*Ingratum si dixeris, omnia dixis.*---The Doctor in the last Paragraph of his Address asserts, that in *this Community* there are *Wretches, Strangers to the Feelings of Humanity or Checks of Conscience*, who are always ready to suspect others of every Act of *Villainy* their own *Baseness* is capable of perpetrating: Of these he hopes there are but few, and of those few the greater Part *Reptiles* too contemptible for Chastisement: *But should such an One* be found to disgrace the Character of a *Gentleman*, he might be sure of feeling his Resentment: From which Mode of Expression, '*but should such an One*, &c.' It is obvious he was doubtful whether *such an One* is to be found among Persons of that Degree; and if so, I should be glad to know who he alludes to, if he doth not to those of *lower Rank* in Life, as I imagine he is too polite to intend any *above* that Degree: And if this is a reasonable Explication of his Meaning, it is submitted to the Public whether it is not also an Indication of those he refers to, in the fourth Paragraph, against whom he denounces his *Contempt*, &c. for if they were *Gentlemen* they would surely be Objects of his *Resentment*: But whether I am right or not in my Interpretation of his Meaning is not essential, as what I mentioned in my last on this Head, was not alledged as a Fact, but a Matter of Conjecture, deducible from his Style of Writing, which in my Apprehension, doth not become a Gentleman, whose *Choice* has determined his Residence among us: And as I have the most affectionate Attachment to my Countrymen, and think it the highest Degree of Injustice that the Innocent should be involved in the same Predicament with the Guilty, I think it is the Doctor's Duty to bring the Latter, if any there be, to exemplary Punishment; until which, I hope his Stigma, like Sisyphus's Stone, will recoil on its Author.---The Doctor has made himself supreme Arbiter in Matters of Sense and Generosity, but before his Authority is finally admitted, I hope I may be allowed to demand some Proofs of his own.---As to the Compliment the Doctor has paid himself in Point of Humility, Civility, Compassion, and Humanity, I assure him I could *some myself*, and claim a Degree of Merit, *at least equal* to any Thing he can pretend unto, in those Respects: But Modesty forbids me to be more explicit, on a Subject so flattering: Besides, the Doctor should remember---*Qui de se prædicant arrogantius, malo habent vicinos.*---However, if he will publickly acknowledge his Offence, and ask Pardon for his Disingenuity, I promise the Gulf or Abyss, over which he has transferred me, shall no longer separate us, and that by a Declaration of my real Name, I will expose myself to his Resentment: But if he declines this Proposition, he may rely, his future Productions, however Scurrilous, shall be answered by the silent Contempt of

BENEVOLUS.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the Upper House of Assembly,
Tuesday, 31st August, 1773.

ORDERED,

THAT the following Proceedings of this House be printed in the Gazettes published by Mr. Wells and Mr. Crouch.

JAMES SIMPSON, *Clerk.*

In the Upper House of Assembly,
Tuesday, 31st Day of August, 1773.

Mr. CHIEF-JUSTICE moved the House, that the Journal of this House on the 26th and 27th Days of August instant should be read;

And the same being read,

A Motion was made that Part of a News-Paper called the South-Carolina Gazette, No. 1966, printed by T. Powell, & Co. at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, should be read;

And the same being read,

Ordered, That T. Powell do attend this House immediately;

And the said T. Powell attending, was examined, if he was the Printer and Publisher of the South-Carolina Gazette, No. 1966; he answered, That he was.

He was then asked by what Authority he presumed to print, as an Article of News in his Paper, a Matter purporting to be Part of the Proceedings of this House on the 26th Day of August Instant? To which he replied, That the Copy of the Matter there printed, was delivered to him by the Honourable William-Henry Drayton, Esq; one of the Members of this House, who desired him to print the same.

It was thereupon moved, and

Resolved, That Thomas Powell, who hath this Day at the Bar of this House, acknowledged himself to be the Printer and Publisher of the News-Paper called the South-Carolina Gazette, No. 1966, containing Part of the Proceedings of this House, on Thursday the 26th Instant, without the Order or Leave of this House, hath been thereby guilty of a high Breach of the Privilege and a Contempt of this House.

A Motion was then made, and

Ordered, That the said Thomas Powell should be taken into the Custody of the Serjeant at Arms, to answer the Matter of the said Charge.

The said Thomas Powell was brought to the Bar accordingly, in Custody, and being again informed of the said Charge against him, and that the House desired to hear what he could say in Exculpation of the said Charge; he was heard thereupon:

And then he was directed to be taken from the Bar.

The Honourable William-Henry Drayton thereupon, in his Place, acknowledged, that he was the Person who sent the Copy of that Part of the Journals, which was printed in the said News-Paper, to the Printer to be published, but that he had no Intention to affront the House by so doing, and he was sorry to find that the House had taken Displeasure at the same.

Resolved, That Thomas Powell, who hath this Day been adjudged, by this House, to have been guilty of a high Breach of the Privilege, and a Contempt of this House, be for his said Offence committed to the Common Goal of Charles-Town; and that his Honour, the President of this House, do issue his Warrants accordingly.

Before putting the Question, the Honourable William-Henry Drayton claimed Leave to enter his Dissent and Protest, if the said Question should be carried.

DISSENTIENT.

Because, Until this Day, there has not been any Order, Rule, or Resolve of this House, against the Publication of what this House may deem its Proceedings. And although in many Instances, Parts of the Proceedings of both Houses of Assembly have been printed, under the Article of News, without any Order from either House; yet hitherto, the Printers have not in any Instance been called to answer for such Conduct.

Because, As in the present Instance, the Printer has not made any Misrepresentation of what had been transacted in this House, *and has not even made any Remark*; so I humbly conceive he does not deserve any Punishment whatsoever. For, I do not know of any Instance where a Printer has been punished by the House of Lords in Great-Britain, for having *only published a Protest*.----One of the Instances quoted in the Debate and laid down as a Case in Point, being in my Opinion void of all Foundation. For *Bingley was not committed by the House of Lords, as was erroneously insisted upon, for having printed a Protest; but he was committed by the Court of King's-Bench, for refusing to give Bail to answer Interrogatories upon Oath, upon a Charge of having printed a Libel against the said Court.*

Because, As the Printer upon his Examination did declare to this House, *that when he printed the Proceedings in Question, he only did, as Printers have always been accustomed to do: That, in doing so, he did not mean any Harm to this House.* Therefore I am of Opinion, that in a free Country, such an Acknowledgment and Contrition expressed by a free Man, ought to have been deemed a sufficient Attonement for an Act, which he did not know *was penal*, until declared to be so *post Factum*.

Because, I am of Opinion that, a Printer's publishing the Protests of any Members of this House, especially by their Desire, and without any Remarks whatsoever, *ought not* to be deemed a Violation of the Privileges of this House. For, I do conceive a clear Distinction between a Publication of such Proceedings of the House, as are under the Idea of *Votes of the House*; and the Publication of *only the Protests* of some of the Members, and *the Causes of them*.---I apprehend that, *a Protest* is *a Witness*, the very Meaning of the Word, of the Propriety of the Conduct of the protesting Member; and as it is the public Justification of his Conduct, so in common Justice to the Party, it cannot be too publicly made known. Therefore, as it is the very Nature of a Protest, that, the Dissent and Reasons should be known, so they cannot be more generally made known, than by printing them in a Gazette. And as the very Protest in Question says it was made, "*lest we should be thought* "*to have meditated, or even to have countenanced a Measure so* "*fatal to the Freedom of our Country.*" so unless the Protest was published, it is evident, the main and express Purpose of it could not be accomplished. Therefore, as the Protest was entered with Leave, and remained upon the Journals approved by this House, so, in my Opinion an Implication must necessarily follow that, the Purpose of it ought by a natural Consequence *and as a Matter of Course to be fulfilled.* Thus in my Opinion, there was a *clearly implied Leave from the House*, for the Publication of the Protest and the Cause of it.

WILLIAM-HENRY DRAYTON.

Wednesday, the 1st Day of September, 1773.

Resolved, That this House will To-morrow take into their Consideration the Protest entered by the Honourable William-Henry Drayton.

Thursday, the 2d Day of September, 1773.

His Honour the President informed the House, that this Morning, at about ten Minutes past eight o'Clock, he had received, by the Door-keeper of this House, a verbal Message from Mr. Lowndes, informing him, that he, together with Mr. Powell, had issued a Habeas Corpus to remove before them the Body of Thomas Powell, who was committed by this House for a Breach of Privilege and Contempt: That he had returned for Answer, That it was the first Notice he had heard of it, that he could not attend, but had no Doubt of the Justice of those Magistrates: Which Answer the Door-keeper, being called in, informed the House, he had delivered to Mr. Lowndes.

Notice being taken, that in a printed Paper, entitled the South-Carolina Gazette Extraordinary, dated this Day, No. 1967, printed by T. Powell, were contained, as an Article of News, some Paragraphs purporting to be Part of the Proceedings of this House on the 31st of August last, it was on Motion

Resolved, That the South-Carolina Gazette Extraordinary of this Day, No. 1967, printed by T. Powell, and Co. contains

a Proteſt purporting to be Proceedings of this Houſe, which, as it is materially different from the Proteſt entered in our Journals, is therefore falſe, ſcandalous and malicious, and has a direct and manifeſt Tendency to reflect upon the Honour and Juſtice of this Houſe.

Reſolved, That the Honourable William-Henry Drayton, a Member of this Houſe, was inſtrumental to the Publication of the abovementioned Proteſt.

Before putting the Queſtion, the Honourable William-Henry Drayton claimed Leave to enter his Diſſent and Proteſt.

DISSENTIENT.

Becauſe, The Reſolution may ſeem to imply that I was criminally inſtrumental in the publiſhing. Indeed I do allow that I was inſtrumental, for unleſs I had made the Proteſt, which I had an undoubted Right to make, ſuch a Publication could not have exiſted, and, therefore it is, that I do allow that I was inſtrumental in the Publication; and as to the Proteſt being "therefore falſe," &c. it is a Matter of Fact, that except the Errors of the Preſs "been called to Account," inſtead of, called to anſwer; "Binley" inſtead of, Bingley; "Printers here had," by Miſtake of the Clerk was upon the Journals, Printers have; "Matter of Courſe to be publiſhed," inſtead of, Matters of Courſe to be fulfilled; all other Parts of the Proteſt, publiſhed in ſaid Paper, were literally, as were expreſſed upon the Journals of the 31ſt of Auguſt, and remained ſo till the 2d Day of September, when they were altered after eleven o'Clock, before which Time the Proteſt was publiſhed.

Becauſe, Seeing I have denied, and the Houſe has not any Proof that I ſent the Proteſt to the Printer, or ordered any Perſon to carry it, or even deſired the Printer, or any other Perſon to publiſh it, I do conceive, that the Proceedings of the Houſe in this Caſe, are arbitrary and unjuſt; in as much as they have paſſed a Cenſure, and thereby inflicted a Puniſhment, on a free Man, even although the Proceedings are not founded on any Degree of Evidence, capable to eſtabliſh a Charge in any Court of Law or Equity. For I cannot think the Rule of Evidence urged in the Debate, that "a Man, with a bloody drawn Sword, coming out of a Houſe where there is only a Body juſt ſlain, ſhall be preſumed and deemed to be Murderer," is in any Degree applicable to my having ſubmitted my Proteſt to the Judgment of ſome Friends learned, as well in the Law as, in the Law of Parliament, for their Opinion in Help to my Own; and the Proteſt being afterwards publiſhed, that therefore, I ſhall be deemed deſerving of Puniſhment. If upon this Doctrine, without any Evidence whatſoever, a Man is puniſhable, in my Opinion, the Liberty of a Subject in this Province is precarious and but of little Value.

Becauſe, I think, that in order to have proceeded with Juſtice, Decorum, and common Regularity, the Houſe not having any Foundation on which they can ſupport the Poſition, that the Publication was by my Authority, it ought naturally to have called the Printers to anſwer for the Publication, before it could, with any Degree of Juſtice or Decency, paſs any Cenſure whatſoever upon one of its Members.

Becauſe, In all the Proceedings of Parliament againſt the irregular Publication of their Proceedings, they have always in the firſt Inſtance, had immediate Recourſe to the Printer.

Becauſe, I believe it to be a Circumſtance before unheard of in any Country governed by Laws protecting Engliſh Freedom, that a Free Man has been puniſhed, only upon a bare Suſpicion of having authorized a Publication, and that ſo violent Proceeding took place of any Enquiry whatſoever of the Printer to anſwer for his actual Publication.

WILLIAM-HENRY DRAYTON.

Ordered, That no Member of this Houſe be abſent at Ten o'Clock To-morrow Morning.

Friday the 3d Day of September, 1773.

Reſolved on Motion, that the Honourable William-Henry Drayton, Eſq; a Member of this Houſe, has been guilty of a Breach of Privilege and Contempt of this Houſe, in being inſtrumental to the Publication of the Proteſt printed in the South-Carolina Gazette Extraordinary, No. 1967, publiſhed by T. Powell, & Co.

Before putting the Queſtion, the Honourable William-Henry Drayton, Eſq; obtained Leave to enter his Proteſt.

DISSENTIENT.

Becauſe, in the Debate it appeared that I had only publiſhed the Proteſt, by ſummitting it to four Gentlemen for their Opinion and Advice; and it was allowed by his Majeſty's Attorney-General, that ſuch a Publication was not criminal in the Eye of the Law; yet upon this Principle have I been condemned as guilty of a Contempt, which Judgment, in my Opinion, is contrary to the Laws of the Land and of Parliament, and is a Violation of the Rights of the Members of this Houſe.

WILLIAM-HENRY DRAYTON.

Mr. Drayton was thereupon directed to withdraw, which he did accordingly.

Reſolved, That when T. Powell was before this Houſe, his whole Deportment and Behaviour manifeſted the moſt inſolent Diſreſpect; and ſo far was he from diſcovering any Contrition for his Offence, that he flatly declared that he did not know that he had committed any, and therefore thought it hard to aſk Pardon; and being informed by the Preſident, that the Houſe was of a different Opinion, he ſtill obſtinately perſiſted that he could not aſk Pardon.

Friday the 3d Day of September, 1773, P. M.

HIS Honour the Preſident informed the Houſe, that ſince the laſt Meeting of this Houſe, he had received the following Letter from the Honourable William-Henry Drayton, Eſq.

"SIR,

"IN Conſideration that the Houſe did obſerve ſo much Decorum as that they did not proceed this Day to the laſt Extremity, I conſider that ſome Return is due on my Part: I do therefore now acquaint you, that upon the Meeting of the Houſe this Afternoon, I ſhall declare the Perſon by whoſe Authority the Proteſt has been printed; and I ſhall do this the more readily, as I conceive ſuch Information will be ſatisfactory to the Houſe, and will be deemed a ſufficient Purgation from the Charge of Contempt as I underſtood during Debate. I am, Sir, your moſt humble Servant,

2 o'*Clock*. WILLIAM-HENRY DRAYTON.

Whereupon the ſaid William-Henry Drayton informed the Houſe, that he neither ſent the Proteſt to the Printers, or ordered any other Perſon to carry it, or even deſired the Printer or any other Perſon to publiſh it, and that he was informed by Mr. Edward Rutledge, that he had ſent a Copy of the Proteſt to the Printers.

Reſolved, That the Honourable William-Henry Drayton, by the above Information, has purged himſelf of the Contempt and Breach of Privilege with which he ſtands charged by the Vote of this Houſe.

Ordered, That Roger Pinckney, Eſq; the Sheriff for Charles-Town Diſtrict, be ordered to attend this Houſe To-morrow Morning at Ten o'Clock, and that the Clerk do ſerve him with a Copy of this Order.

PHILIP GEMBLE,

AND

CHARLES BROWN,

TAKE this Opportunity to acquaint the Public in general, that they intend carrying on the TOBACCO Buſineſs in all its Branches in the Manufacture Way, particularly in packing or repacking either in Hogſheads or Rice Barrels; beg Leave to inform thoſe that will favour them with their Cuſtom, that they may depend on being ſupplied on very REASONABLE TERMS, at the Place lately poſſeſſed by Mr. Leonard Aſkew, in Broad-ſtreet, near the Beef-Market, at the Sign of the INDIAN BOY.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 7.

THE GREAT CHARTER, *Magna Charta*, through the Medium of the HABEAS CORPUS ACT, laſt Friday Evening, delivered the Body of Mr. THOMAS POWELL, one of the Printers of the *South-Carolina Gazette*, from Confinement in the COMMON-GOAL of *Charles-Town*, to which it had been committed, on the preceding Tueſday, in Purſuance of a WARRANT from the Preſident of His Majeſty's Council, ſtiling *themſelves* an UPPER HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, and aſſuming the *Powers* of a Houſe of Lords.

The following is an exact Liſt of Creatures ſold in the Lower Market in this Town, from the 1ſt of March to the 31ſt of Auguſt inclusive, being ſix Months, viz. Calves, 2073; Sheep, 958; Lambs, 1127; Hogs, 84; Shoats, 606; Beeves, 222; Deer, 44. Beſides the above, there have been ſeized and condemned in the ſaid Period, 486 lb. Butter, 26 Calves, 1 Sheep, 11 Lambs, 10 Shoats, and 4 Beeves. The above Account, added to that for the Half Year, ending with February laſt, ſhews the Quantity of Meat brought for Sale to the Lower Market, in one Year, to be as follows, viz. Calves, 3009; Sheep, 1620; Lambs, 1799; Hogs, 930; Shoats, 2857; Beeves, 683; Deer, 200. Total of different Creatures in one Year, 11,097.

JOHN CALVERT, Clerk.

Captain Benjamin Smith is not gone to the Northward as was mentioned in our laſt, but his Son Thomas.

MARRIED.] At St. Auguſtine, John Kenward, Eſq; Storekeeper of his Majeſty's Ordnance there, to Miſs Maria-Elizabeth Welſhuyſen, Daughter of the late Daniel Welſhuyſen, of this Province.

DIED.] "Mrs. Sarah Mitchell, Wife of John Mitchell, Eſq. A Woman of much Piety, Generoſity and Truth; a condeſcending, dutiful Wife; a loving, indulgent Parent; kind and obliging to all her Relations; though her Acquaintance was courted by many, yet ſhe confined it to few; her Charity was extenſive, for the Objects were many; her Benevolence univerſal, and her Death greatly lamented; of whom Solomon hath ſaid in the 31ſt Chap. of Prov. *Her Children ariſe up, and call her bleſſed; her Huſband alſo, and he praiſeth her: Favour is deceitful and Beauty vain, but a Woman that feareth the Lord, ſhe ſhall be praiſed.*"----Mrs. Catharine Joor, aged 85 Years.----On his Paſſage from Georgia to the Northward, the Rev. Timothy Lowten, Rector of the Pariſh of Chriſt-Church in Georgia.

PRICE of RICE 70s. per 100lb.

Sept.	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
1ſt.	Sloop Peggy, Joſhua Strout,	Boſton
	Sloop Polly, Francis Stevens,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Suſannah, Iſariah Chadwick,	Ditto
	Schooner Betſy & Polly, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
3d.	Sloop Diſpatch, Ephraim Gilbert.	Jamaica
	Ship Walworth, Conolly McCauſland,	Londonderry
4th.	Sloop Good-Intent, George Ball,	New-Providence
6th.	Sloop Polly, William Albouy,	Virginia
Aug.	ENTRIES OUTWARDS.	*For*
31ſt.	Schooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Sloop Ranger, Richard King,	St. Kitts
Sept.	2d. Brig Charming Betſy, Duncan McNeil,	Liverpool
	Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Munro,	Rhode-Iſland
4th.	Brig Yorick, Elijah Steel,	Barbados
6th.	Sloop Suſannah, Iſariah Chadwick,	North-Carolina
Aug.	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
31ſt.	Schooner Mary, John Young,	Cape-Francois
Sept.	3d. Schooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Schooner Lark, John Stirrup,	New-Providence
	Brig Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright,	Philadelphia
	Brig Elliott, John Waring,	Cape-Fear
4th.	Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Munro,	Rhode-Iſland

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE SOLD at the Perſonage-Houſe in St. Andrew's Pariſh, on Monday the 27th of September inſtant,

ALL the Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture, Wearing Apparel, a few Head of Cattle and Sheep, a Horſe and Chair, belonging to the Eſtate of the Rev. Mr. Schwab, deceaſed. The Conditions will be declared on the Day of Sale.

All Perſons to whom the ſaid Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to deliver in atteſted Accounts of their ſeveral Demands; and all thoſe indebted, are deſired to ſettle immediately, with

WILLIAM CATTELL, Adminiſtrator.

On Friday the 1ſt of October next, will be SOLD at public Vendue, at the Plantation of Mr. William Rivers, *late of* James Iſland, *deceaſed.*

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of the Deceaſed, conſiſting of Ten valuable Negroes, among whom are, very good Market-men, two good Houſe Wenches, handy Girls, and a ſmart Boy; the Houſhold Furniture, Cattle, Hogs, &c. the Crop of Proviſions at it ſtands.

The Conditions of the Sale are, all Sums under *Twenty Pounds*, to be Caſh, and all above, Credit to the Firſt of January 1774, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, with approved Security. The Property not to be altered, until the Conditions are complied with.

WILLIAM SANDEFORD, Executor.

TO BE SOLD,

ELEVEN prime, healthy young NEW NEGROES, juſt arrived.

Fine Muſcovado SUGAR in Hogſheads.

Old Vidonia and Fyal WINE, in Pipes and Quarter Caſks.

ALSO,

A few Hogſheads of TOBACCO, by

ALEXANDER GILLON, & Co.

WILLIAM HUTCHINS,

WRITING MASTER,

ACQUAINTS his Friends and the Public, that he has opened an EVENING SCHOOL, at his Houſe in Gadſden's-Alley, where YOUTH will be taught READING, WRITING, and ARITHMETICK.

A CYPRES CANOE,

30 Feet long, and 5 Feet 5 Inches wide, for SALE. Apply to Mr. Juſtinus Stoll, or DAVID WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE,

A Neat light COACH, with Harneſs, made in this Province, very little inferior to thoſe imported from London, and will be SOLD much cheaper. The Terms of Payment will be made eaſy to the Purchaſer. Enquire of MATTHIAS HUTCHINSON, Chaiſe-Maker, in Queen-ſtreet.

ALL thoſe indebted to the Eſtate of HENRY FULKES, deceaſed, by Bond, Note or Book-Debt, are requeſted to make immediate Payment:—Alſo, thoſe indebted to the Eſtate of CONRAD KYSELL, deceaſed, are deſired to ſettle the ſame immediately, or Suits will be commenced againſt them, by

ESTHER KYSELL, Executrix.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from Charles-Town on Thurſday night the 19th of Auguſt, a bay HORSE, with a black mane and tail, docked, has ſome white ſpots on his back, branded on the mounting ſhoulder A G; And ſometime before, a black COW, branded on the buttock WH in one. TWENTY POUNDS will be given for the former, and FIVE POUNDS for the latter, on being delivered to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town.

WILLIAM HOPTON.

JOHN PEARCE informs me of a blue roan GELDING, with a black head, mane, and tail, 5 years old, 13 hands and an half high, branded on the near ſhoulder T, and on the near thigh T3. paces a travel. The owner muſt prove his property before ARTHUR HART.

NOTICE is hereby again given, to all Perſons indebted to either the Eſtates of *Thomas-Loughton Smith*, Eſq; deceaſed, or Mr. *Joſeph Pickering*, deceaſed, (eſpecially thoſe who have neglected paying up the Intereſt on their Bonds and Notes) that the Subſcriber requeſts they will ſettle with him by the firſt of October next, and be more punctual in future.

Auguſt 31, 1773. GEORGE INGLIS.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS on Monday night, the 23d of Auguſt inſt. at nine o'clock, the houſe of the ſubſcriber, at Aſhley-river, in St. Andrew's pariſh, was forcibly entered by two men, one a tall ſlim made perſon, the other thick and ſhort, of a ſwarthy complexion, with a buſhy head of hair, who robbed me of four Half Johannas's, Thirty Dollars, a Ten Pound Bill, ſome ſmall ſilver, and ſundry papers, likewiſe a Silver Watch, with a china dial-plate, that opens with a pin, at the end of the key, maker's name *Peter Newton*, No. 358, a neat ſteel mounted Gun, almoſt new, maker's name *Parker*, and three Silver Tea Spoons. Whoever will apprehend either of them, ſhall, on conviction, receive a reward of FIFTY POUNDS currency.

THOMAS MELLICHAMP.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 30, 1773.

JUST ARRIVED,

A CARGO OF

ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY,

LIKELY

NEGROES,

In the Snow NELLY, JAMES MAYCHEL, *Maſter, from* SIERRA-LEON,

TO BE SOLD, on FRIDAY *the* 10th *of* SEPTEMBER *next*, *by*

POWELL, HOPTON, & Co.

To be Sold by private Contract,

A PLANTATION in St. Paul's pariſh, containing 560 acres, 100 of which is good rice land, the reſt is good indico or corn land. *Alſo*,

A TRACT at Winyaw, on Sandy-Iſland, containing 528 acres of land, 400 of which is good river ſwamp, and upwards of 90 acres under banks and drains. If the purchaſer chuſes he may alſo have the negroes thereon.

Likewiſe,

Another TRACT on Pedee-river, containing about 800 acres, 300 of which is good river ſwamp, and 60 acres in prime order, with proper banks and drains.

The purchaſers of the above lands may have one, two, or three years credit, paying intereſt, and giving ſuch ſecurity as ſhall be approved of, by

RICHARD WARING.

N. B. The reaſon of the above lands being offered for ſale, is entirely on account of the proprietor's bad ſtate of health.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 29, 1773.

I The Subſcriber informs the Public, not to Truſt or Credit any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever in my Name, without Orders from myſelf, or under my Hand, for they may depend on having no Satisfaction.

EDWARD KIRK.

N. B. I forewarn all Perſons not to harbour any of my Slaves, or any Perſon belonging to me, at their Peril.

Wanted to Hire or Purchaſe,

A Careful Negro Wench, without a Child, for to tend a young Child. Enquire of the Printer.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A Commodious Piece of GROUND, in Anſonborough, which fronts on three good Streets, and meaſures 123 Feet, by 443 Feet 9 Inches; ſeven good Lots may be made out of it, two of which would be Corners. There is on the Premiſes a two Story Dwelling-Houſe, and other neceſſary Buildings: The Payment will be made eaſy. Alſo,

A PEW, in the North-Iſle of St. Michael's Church, No. 69. For further Particulars, apply to JOHN McCALL, jun. in Elliott-ſtreet, Charles-Town, or in St. Thomas's Pariſh, to ROBERT JOHNSTON.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from the ſubſcriber's paſture, near Gooſe-Creek bridge, in the night of Tueſday the 20th day of July laſt, a ſtrawberry roan horſe, about 14 hands and an half high, with a black mane and tail, and black legs, branded on the near buttock PR, and on the mounting ſhoulder with the bottom of a bar ſtirrup iron. Whoever delivers the ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber near the ſaid bridge, ſhall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS currency, or if ſtolen, upon conviction of the offender, a reward of FIFTY POUNDS currency.

JOHN HARRISON.

LEASES and RELEASES, Blank Bonds, Bonds with Warrants to confeſs Judgment, Mortgages, Copies of Writs, Bills of Sale, Powers of Attorney, Servants and Apprentices Indentures, Bills of Lading, Indico Certificates of both Kinds, Hemp Certificates of both Kinds, Shipping Papers, Warrants and Executions for ſmall Debts, Recognizance for the Peace, Writs of Fieri Facias, in Actions of Debt, and on the Caſe, Capias in Debt, ditto in Caſe, Militia Summons, and Executions, Peſtivous and Summons for the Summary Juriſdiction, and Copies, with ſundry other Blanks; alſo an Abſtract of an Act for regulating the Rates of Wharfage of Ships and Merchandize, and aſcertaining the Rates of Stowage in *Charles-Town*, to be ſold by the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD, a Bargain,

The following LANDS,

The Property of JOHN JOOR, *Esq; deceased,*

THAT valuable Tract of Land, on the *Ogeree*, containing Six Hundred Acres old Measure, adjoining Lands of *William Sanders* and *John Izard*, Esquires; near Three Hundred of which is exceeding good Swamp, through which a Drain will soon be completed, and which will make it as safe and as valuable as most deep Swamps in the Province—it also has two Branches running through it, on which good Reserves of Water may be kept: The high Land is good for Corn, &c. and has on it a good Overseer's House, Barn, Corn-House, &c. The Purchaser of which, if agreeable, may be supplied with Five Hundred Bushels of Corn on the Spot.

A Tract of Land to the Southward, adjoining Land of the Hon. *Rawlins Lowndes*, Esq; and Mr. *James Smith*, containing Six Hundred Acres, near Three Hundred of which is choice Swamp: The high Land is good for Corn, &c. none of which has ever been cleared.

Part of the Tract on which the deceased lived, containing One Hundred and Fifty-five Acres, upwards of One Hundred of which is good for Corn; also near Thirty Acres of good Rice Land. This Tract would suit a Gentleman for a Country Seat extremely well, having a fine airy Hill, on which a House might conveniently be fixed, being within a Quarter of a Mile of *Dorchester*.

One Hundred and Thirteen Acres of hard Marsh Land, adjoining Lands of *Whitmarsh Fuller*, Esq; and *Ashley Ferry* Causeway.

Two Rice Stores in the Town of *Dorchester*, each of which has Four Apartments, large enough to contain One Hundred Barrels each.

One Forty-five Acre Lot of Pine Barren, well timbered, adjoining Land of Mr. *Samuel Wainwright*, and within Three Miles of *Dorchester*.

Also, a Two Acre Lot in the Town of *Dorchester*, and Eleven Acres and one-fourth, within One Mile of said Lot, which will be sold together.

The Condition of the above Sale is One Year's Credit, paying Interest.

Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with *William Sanders*, Esq; in *Charles-Town*, or

JOHN JOOR, Executor.

JANE THOMSON,

MILLINER,

SOLE-DEALER AND SEPARATE TRADER;

RETURNS her grateful Thanks to her Friends and Customers for their past Favours, and begs Leave to inform them, that she has removed from Tradd-Street to Old Church-Street, next Door to Mr. Sarazin, Silversmith, where she has a neat Assortment of Goods suitable for her Business, and will be much obliged to her former Customers for the Continuance of their Commands, and by a steady Attention to their Orders, she hopes to give Satisfaction to all who are pleased to employ her.

☞ She expects a large and neat Assortment of Millinary from London soon. (6 *)

THE PLANTATION at the Horse-shoe, belonging to Mr. William Jones, is to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in whose Hands the Plot and Titles are left; it contains 1286 Acres, about 600 of which are good Swamp, where for 12 Years past, never less than 12 Large Barrels of Rice were made to each Hand, the Remainder good Timber and Corn Land. JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

From whom a Negro Man named PARIS, well known at Ponpon and Goose-Creek, is RUN AWAY. THREE POUNDS will be given for delivering him to me, and THIRTY POUNDS Reward, if harboured by a white Person, on Conviction of the Offender.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber, a negro woman, named AMEY, this country born, formerly belonged to Richard Tookerman, and lived afterwards several years with Jacob Axson in Charles-Town; she has some relations and many acquaintances in town, in St. Thomas's and Christ-Church parishes, and other parts of the province; she had a variety of cloaths, having been hired out in Charles-Town for some years past, and had for a husband a negro man named Cyrus, belonging to John Wragg, Esq; for whose sake alone she has made her elopement, and by whom it is supposed she may be concealed. A reward of TEN POUNDS currency, is hereby offered to any person who will apprehend said negro, and deliver her to the warden of the work-house, or to the subscriber at his plantation at Cainhoy; and a reward of FIFTY POUNDS shall be paid to any person who will discover, by whom she is harboured, entertained, or employed, if by a white person, and TWENTY POUNDS if by a negro, to be paid upon conviction of the offender, or offenders, by

JOHN GARDEN.

Just arrived, and will be sold reasonably at my Store, in BROAD-STREET,

WHITE and coloured PLAINS, blue strouds, best white wine vinegar, sheet and bar lead, saddle-trees, best crown glass, 10 by 8, 12 by 9 12 by 10, and 14 by 12; copper plate, black and red chimney tiles, chair harnesses, Hardham's best rappee snuff N° 9 and N° 45; single and double gold vellum lace, gold and silver epaulets, gold and silver spangled buttons, gold and silver thread; Parker's old porter in bottles and casks; very fine bottled cyder and perry; best blue jar raisins, &c. &c.

ROGER SMITH.

CHEAP LOTS OF LAND.

THAT large and valuable Piece of Land, in *Charles Town*, commonly known by the Name of *Lynch's Pasture*, being now divided into Lots of different Dimensions, fronting upon wide Streets, and most of them very pleasantly situated, will be disposed of upon reasonable Terms, and the Time of Payment made agreeable to the Purchasers. Inquire of the Subscriber, or of *Ancrum & Chisolm*, in whose Hands a Platt of the said Land may be seen. PARKER QUINCE.

LEGER & GREENWOOD

TAKE the Liberty of informing their Friends, that they have just received by the Charming-Sally, Captain Fortune, and the Live Oak, Captain Lundberry, their

White and coloured PLAINS,

Which they will SELL on the usual low Terms, at their Store in Town, and at Alhepoo.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NINETY-SIX DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common-Pleas, begun and holden at Ninety-Six, on Thursday, April 15, 1773.

JOHN SHIELDS,

Being duly summoned and returned to serve as a JUROR at the said Court,

Made Default, and was noted for Non-Appearance:

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That he will be fined in the Sum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation-Money of America, unless he shall make a good and sufficient Excuse, upon Oath, for his Non-Attendance, and transmit the same to the Crown-Office in Charles-Town, by the Third Tuesday in October next.

JOHN CALDWELL, D. C. C. & P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

LORENS SIMON, of the Province aforesaid, who is in the Custody of the Sheriff of Charles-Town District, by Virtue of Process sued out by JOHN DANNER, having petitioned the Hon. THOMAS KNOX GORDON, Esq; Chief Justice, and his Associates, Justices of his Majesty's Court of Common-Pleas, that he be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors; IT IS ORDERED, That the said John Danner, and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any wise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the First Sitting of the Court of Common-Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen Three Months after the Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. JAMES TRAIL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, July 26, 1773.

BOWEN's patent SAGO,

So much and generally esteemed in the ROYAL NAVY, and in the AFRICAN TRADE, as an ANTISCORBUTIC and the only CURE for the FLUX,

SOLD

By Z. KINGSLEY,

At his STORE in BEADON's-ALLEY.

ITS USES are so well known as to need no Recommendation, being approved of by the ROYAL SOCIETY the ROYAL COLLEGE of PHYSICIANS, and the SOCIETY for the Encouragement of ARTS, MANUFACTURES and COMMERCE.

Its good Effects are likewise vouched by Captain COOKE, of his Majesty's Ship Endeavour, Mr. BANKES and Dr. SOLANDER, during their Voyage round the World in the said Ship, as appears by their Report since their Return.

SOLD at same Place,

BOWEN's Patent SOY.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have just imported,

A Stock of the best Family MEDICINES, all warranted genuine, to be sold Wholesale or Retale as cheap as possible. 6 w.

WILLIAM LOOCOCK,

Has imported in the last vessels from LONDON,

A Compleat and general assortment of chymical, galenical preparations and drugs, with almost every family medicine now in use, among which are, the famous essence of JOHNSOM or TURPETH ROOT, being a native of the remote parts of this province, and which is the most certain, easy and effectual medicine ever found in all venereal cases. Fifteen drops being taken morning and evening, in a glass of water or any thing convenient, will most effectually rout that disorder in a few days, and never leave any ill effects thereafter, which is too often the case: It is likewise a most effectual medicine in all rheumatic complaints, leprosy scurvy, old sores or ulcers, nay even in all chronical disorders; it will cure the yaws effectually in a few days; and will be sold on the most reasonable terms at his MEDICINAL WARE-HOUSE, in Broad-street.

LOST, supposed to have been stolen out a Box of Carpenter's Tools, bought at the Sale of Mr. Bampfeild's Estate, in June, viz. a HAND-SAW, a TENNANT-SAW, and a neat HAMMER, with Lignum Vitæ Handles; the Saws and Hammer were highly polished, and very neatly finished.

Any Person who will deliver these Articles to the Subscribers, shall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward, and a further Reward for discovering the Thief.

HAWKINS, PETRIE, & Co.

They have since received by the Carolina, Captain Besnard, and the Yorick, Captain Steel,

A Large and neat Assortment of Broad-Cloths, with plain and fashionable Trimmings, coarse Cloths, Whimseys, Bath Coatings, Tammies, Durants, Shalloons, Calimancoes, Cambletts, Cambeltees, and a Variety of fine Winter Stuffs; London Duffils, Bed Blankets, some of which are of an extra Size and Quality; a Quantity of low priced white Linens, among which are, very stout white Sheeting, at 7s. 6d. per Yard, and less by the Quantity; a good Assortment of Modes, Prelongs, and Satins, Gauzes, Laces and Trimmings of different Sorts, black and brown Princes Stuffs, Bombazines of all Prices, &c. &c.

Black Mingo, July 20, 1773.

JAMES GRACEY, of Williamsburgh Township, rolls a dark iron grey mare, 12 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock CS, and on the off shoulder W. about 5 or 6 years old, a trotter. The owner may prove his property before SAMUEL NESMITH.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

September 11, 1772. A new negro wench, of the *Kisso* country, says her name is CLARINDA, but cannot tell her master's name; she is 5 feet 4 inches high, has her country marks over her whole body, and is about 30 or 35 years of age; has on a white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at *Black Swamp*, 26 miles above *Parrysburgh*, and 116 miles from town.

September 11, 1772. A new negro wench, of the *Kisso* country, says her name is LYDA, but can't tell her master's name; she is about 5 feet high, 39 or 40 years of age, her country marks on her breast; has on a white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at *Black Swamp*, 26 miles above *Parrysburgh*, and 116 miles from town.

September 21, 1772. A new negro fellow, of the *Mondingo* country, says his name is JULY, but cannot tell his master's name, he is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high; has on an osnabrug shirt. Taken up at *Bear-Swamp*, 45 miles from *Charles-Town*.

November 27, 1772. A new negro man, of the *Guinea* country, speaks very little English, says his name is JEMMY, and his master's name *Pratt*, who lives at *Augusta*, he is about 26 years of age, 6 feet high, has his country marks down each cheek, and across his breast and belly, and some scars, as if he had been whipped; has on a white negro cloth jacket and blue breeches. Taken up at the *Indian Land*, at *John Drayton*, jun. Esqr's. plantation, 70 miles from *Charles-Town*.

November 27, 1772. A new negro man, of the *Guinea* country, says his name is FRANK, and his master's name *Pratt*, he is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high; has on a white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up at the *Indian Land*, at *John Drayton*, jun. Esqr's. plantation, 70 miles from *Charles-Town*.

February 25, 1773. A new negro man, says his name is JACK, and that he did belong to *John Tart*, a free negro, who is now dead, he is about 31 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has on a green jacket and trowsers.

March 19 1773. A negro man, says his name is SMART, but cannot tell his master's name, he is about 25 or 26 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a scar across his nose, as if cut with a knife, has on a white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up on *Cooper River*, 36 miles from town; brought by Mr. *Bonneau*.

April 10, 1773. A new negro man, of the *Guinea* country, says his name is LEWIS, but cannot tell his master's name, he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has his country marks on his breast; has on a white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up at *Pocataligo*, 72 miles from town.

July 21, 1773. A new negro man, of the *Kissee* country, says his name is PETER, but cannot tell his master's name, he is about 26 or 27 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has his country marks on his arms, each of his cheeks, breast, and pole of his neck, has on two jackets, two pair of breeches, and robbins, also, a blue negro cloth jacket and robbin. Taken up at Mr. *James Dunan's* plantation, at the *Saltketchers*, 75 miles from town; brought by Mr. *Isaac White*.

July 21, 1773. A negro wench, of the *Guinea* country, says her name is NANCY, but cannot tell her master's name, she has been in possession of an old negro who calls himself *Free Peter*, 2 or 3 years, and pretends to own her as his property, but cannot shew any title to her, and by all circumstances, it appears she is a runaway, and some other person's property; she is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 1 inch high. Taken up 2 miles from town.

August 26, 1773. A negro wench, says her name is MERIA, and her master's name Mr. *Mercy*, she is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 1 inch high, has her country marks on each of her cheeks, on both her arms, and all over her body, from her neck down to her waist; has on a white negro cloth wrapper, and an osnabrugs petticoat. Taken up at *Cherawes*, 52 miles from town.

August 27, 1773. A negro man of the *Angola* country, says his name is LONDON, and his master's name *Nathaniel Twite*, who lives on the *Long Bay*, he is about 26 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has his country marks on the pit of his stomach, has on a negro cloth coat dyed yellow, and an osnabrugs shirt dyed with indico. Taken up at *Hobcaw*, 4 miles from town.

August 30, 1773. A negro man, says his name is CUPID, and his master's name *Benjamin Eden* living at *South-Edisto*, and says he was born in *North-Carolina*, he is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a large speck in his left eye, has on a blue negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up in town.

MICHAEL KALTEISEN, Warden.

TO BE LET,

A TENEMENT in Meeting-street, next Door to Justice Calcott's. Enquire of JAMES LAURENS.

TURNBULL & HEMETT,

TAYLORS,

WOULD be obliged to their Friends and the Public in general, for any Favours conferred on them, as they have taken a Shop next Door but one to John Dart, Esq's. in Tradd-Street, and nearly opposite to Mrs. Dawson's, hope that the Neatness of their Work, and steady Attention to their Business, will merit Encouragement.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, a negro fellow, named CHARLES, a stout, well-made, artful, sensible fellow, with a large ring under his right ear, speaks English remarkably well, and may easily be distinguished from one born in this country by his speech. Whoever delivers him to me, shall receive a reward of FIVE POUNDS. *Also*, a negro wench, named BANABA, of a yellowish complexion, looks much like an Eboe negro, stutters in her speech, has an iron on one of her legs. A reward of FIVE POUNDS will be given, on delivering her to me.—But as I have a strong suspicion of her being harboured by some evil disposed white person, (being a remarkable fine seamstress, and easily kept at her work without a discovery, and being fit for no other work) I will give FIFTY POUNDS, on conviction, of such white person harbouring her.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.